

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XVII.

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NUMBER 147.

CHEERS FOR SIGSBEE.

Theater Audience Goes Wild on Discovering Him in House.

Hero of the Maine Attracts More Attention Than the Play and Is Forced to Make a Short Speech.

A remarkable demonstration of the patriotism of Philadelphians was witnessed at the Chestnut street theater the other night. Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, late commander of the ill-fated Maine, now in command of the cruiser St. Paul, refitting at Cramps', in company with a group of his fellow-officers, occupied one of the upper boxes. The house became enthusiastic as soon as his presence was generally known and frequent applause in his honor attested his popularity.

In the course of the play a series of portraits of prominent public men were exhibited, among them one of Capt. Sigsbee. The appearance of the captain's portrait precipitated a cyclone of enthusiasm. It was followed by a ringing chorus of cries for a speech. For a time Capt. Sigsbee sat modestly unmindful of the call. The play continued, but when one of the young women of the cast was interrupted by renewed calls of "Sigsbee" she dropped a bouquet she had received from an admirer in the audience and joined in the hand-clapping.

At length Capt. Sigsbee arose in his box and acknowledged the demonstration with a modest bow. But this was by no means enough. At renewed cries for a speech he arose again, and, when the tempest of enthusiasm had calmed, he said with some confusion:

"I thank you most heartily for this honor. Now, I am sure you will all enjoy yourselves more if the play is allowed to go on."

When it was evident that the clamor would not cease till Sigsbee spoke again he arose once more and thanked the people and begged them to allow the play to go on. A tumbling sea of applause followed his few words, and at intervals the demonstration was kept up till the curtain fell and he left the theater.

HOMING PIGEONS FOR NAVY.

Forty Thousand Birds Offered to Secretary Long by Pigeon Fanciers of the United States.

Members of the National Association of American Homing Pigeon Fanciers of the United States, with lofts containing nearly 40,000 birds along the seaboard, have offered their pigeons to the secretary of the navy for use in case of war, as a means of communication between warships at sea and the government. Mr. Edwin A. F. Baker, of Baltimore, general superintendent of the Brush Electric Light company and the president of the association, says that the birds are already being put into training, and in a short time will be recovered from the winter stiffness and be ready for active service. There are 25 lofts in Baltimore, containing in all about 1,000 birds, and these are among the best in the country. The training of the birds has commenced, and flights are being made from various southern points. The homers are first taken for a hundred miles' flight and the distance increased a hundred miles each week. Some of the birds will be sent with the naval reserves on the Dixie for experimental practice.

BOOTH TURNS UP AGAIN.

Beloit (Wis.) Woman Tells How the Assassin of President Lincoln Escaped.

Mrs. J. W. Crist, an old lady residing in Beloit, Wis., claims that she assisted in the escape of Wilkes Booth, Lincoln's assassin, and that he died a natural death in England. She says her first husband was Capt. Thomas Haggett, commander of the Mary Porter, a rebel blockade runner, and that in June, two months after the murder of the president, Capt. Haggett took the assassin on his boat at Havana, Mrs. Crist being a passenger on the boat, and carried him to Nassau, a town in the Bahamas islands. She later visited the Bahamas and saw Booth there and he gave her a ring she now possesses.

She says that it was Booth's accomplice, Fox, who was killed and burned in a barn and was thought to be Booth. She learned of Booth's death a great many years ago through family friends.

STOMACH LARGE AS COW'S.

Miss Brandon, of Joliet, Dies from Tuberculosis — Had a Tremendous Appetite.

Miss Bertha Brandon, who has been sick for years and whose case has baffled medical science for the past five years, died at Joliet, Ill., the other day, aged 24. A post-mortem was held and every organ of the trunk was found affected with tuberculosis. The physicians who held the post-mortem would not have been surprised had they found

THE BATTLE OF CARDENAS.

The City Shelled By the Americans and Set On Fire.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—Key West special says great havoc was inflicted at Cardenas by the Wilmington, which shelled to silence the masked batteries and bombarded the town and forts.

One hundred and thirteen dead Spanish were counted by men landed by the Wilmington.

Cardenas was set on fire by shells from the American ships and it is thought 300 Spanish perished. No shots hit the Wilmington.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—(10:25)—Special from Key West says that in the battle off Cienfuegos, the Marblehead, Nashville and WIndom fought against the forts and ships.

The WIndom has just arrived with the wounded Americans.

Two Americans were killed and eight wounded. Spanish loss four hundred.

At 1,000 yards the forts opened fire. The WIndom replied with her big forward rifle and in a few minutes left the fortifications a mass of ruins.

The Nashville and Marblehead in the meantime sailed in close and made every effort to draw fire from what masked batteries the Spanish might have. The earthworks, guns and Spaniards were seen flying in the air.

Captain Maynard, of the Nashville, was struck on the head by a solid shot, but the missile glanced and only inflicted a slight injury. Lieutenant Winslow lost three fingers.

some member of the reptile family housed in the stomach, which was as large as that of an ordinary cow. For the past two years Miss Brandon has had a big appetite and would eat as much as a dozen people.

WEDS A POOR GENIUS.

Rich Spinster, of Newark, N. J., Is Captivated by the Skill of a Young Church Organist.

He was a poor organist; she was a rich spinster. They were married in Newark, N. J., with great pomp. His harmonies had captured her heart, and she took him home with her to where she had caused a great organ to be built in order that she might be captivated throughout her life by the witchery of the young musician's genius.

In was in the church built by her own father that Elsie D. Peddie, aged 31, became the bride of Tonzo Liwyfo Sauvage, aged 21. Her father, a congressman and a millionaire, was Thomas B. Peddie, a trunk manufacturer. He founded the Peddie Memorial church in Newark.

Among the members of the choir was Prof. Sauvage, a powerful baritone of Hungarian birth. He established himself in Newark with his family, the most notable member of which was his son, Tonzo Liwyfo.

Prof. Baumann, the organist, left Newark for a more lucrative position in St. Louis some time ago, and Miss Peddie had no hesitation in appointing his talented pupil to succeed him. She was worth \$750,000 and had a beautiful home overlooking the military park. Miss Peddie lived all alone in the mansion she had inherited from the congressman, who was really nothing nearer than her adopted father.

There was a time before Miss Peddie's friendship with young Sauvage became a matter of comment among her friends when she was engaged to the son of a Newark millionaire, but she discarded this admirer in favor of the musician. All fashionable Newark was at the wedding.

STRANGE RIDE OF A CAT.

Stays on a Car Truck During the Run of a Fast Train from Chicago to Cleveland.

Just before a train left Chicago the other night the porter of the Boston sleeping car noticed a cat climbing on the rear truck of his car, but if he gave it a second thought it was that the animal would not stay there after the train started. When the train stopped at Cleveland and the porter was on the platform by the step of his car he noticed what appeared to be two little balls of fire underneath it on top of the truck, and upon closer scrutiny he was much surprised to find the black cat lying very contentedly on an upper beam of the truck frame, close under the car floor, calmly eying him.

Many people were attracted by the strange traveler and tried to coax the animal out, but it dodged their extended hands and would not leave its chosen quarters, where it still remained, ap-

parently very contented, when the train started again. After that at every stop people would step off the cars to see if the cat still remained in its place, and their efforts to coax or scare it out were resented by the train crew, who took the black cat's presence as an omen of good luck and a guarantee of a safe run for their train. The porter of the sleeping car declared his intention of adopting the animal if it rode through to the Hub with him.

NEW GUNS AT CANARIES.

Spain's Fortifications at Las Palmas Greatly Improved by German Engineers.

Inquiries in London respecting the fortifications of the Canaries confirm Sir John Colomb's statement that they have been reconstructed and rearmed on modern lines. The forts of Las Palmas, four in number, of which Castillo San Francisco, 295 years old, is the most formidable, have been repaired and remodeled the last year under the supervision of three German engineers. This main fort contains five 18-ton guns of the newest pattern and earthworks constructed on the latest principles. According to the opinion of Spanish engineers it is sufficient defense for the port, but the Castillo Delaluz has been repaired and rearmed with the older guns from Castillo San Francisco. When the last Union line steamer touched at Las Palmas repairs were also being pushed at Castillo San Fernando and four new 10-ton guns were mounted, but Castillo de Mata will apparently be allowed to go derelict. The officers have had little or no practice with the armaments of their forts, so the shooting is not likely to be formidable. The opinion is still maintained by naval authorities at London that the American fleet is not likely to cross the Atlantic at all.

LEE EXPECTS TO LEAD TROOPS.

Practically Admits He Will Command the Army That Will Invade Cuba.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee fully expects to hold the commission of major general and command the United States troops in an invasion of Cuba. He practically said as much in an interview the other evening, and repeated it at a campfire in a speech at Richmond, Va.

Gen. Lee would not say that the president had promised him an appointment, but admitted that he and Mr. McKinley had had "some conversation." He was equally guarded in discussing the likelihood of Assistant Secretary Roosevelt receiving an appointment on his staff, but confessed that Mr. Roosevelt had spoken to him about a staff appointment.

Gen. Lee does not think the climate of Cuba will prove especially disastrous to United States troops if they remain under cover at night, and protect themselves from the dews. His understanding is that the troops for invading the island will be drawn from all parts of the country, and that northern and southern regiments will fight

HONEY-BEE POISON.

Experiments Made by a German Scientist—Chemical and Toxic Properties.

The chemical and toxic properties of the poison of the honey bee have been a subject for long study by a German scientist, Dr. Jose Zanger. During his investigations Dr. Zanger employed 25,000 bees. He found that the fresh poison is clear, like water, of an acrid reaction, bitter taste, and of a fine aromatic flavor. On evaporating and drying at a temperature of 100 degrees centigrade (212 degrees Fahrenheit), a gummy residue is left. It is soluble in water; with alcohol it forms an emulsion-like mixture. The aromatic odor is due to a volatile substance, which disappears on evaporation, and is not poisonous. The poisonous constituent is not destroyed by short boiling, nor by drying and heating the residue to 212 degrees Fahrenheit, nor by the diluted acids or alkalies. Dr. Zanger has proved the existence of formic acid, but he has also proved that there is not the poisonous principle. The latter is an organic base, soluble with difficulty in water, but kept in solution by an acid. On the healthy skin neither the bee poison or a two per cent. solution of the poisonous principle has any effect, but they act as powerful irritants on the mucous membranes. His tests, made on rabbits and other animals, show that when the poison is brought in contact with the eye there follows lachrymation, hyperemia, chemosis and croupous membranes in conjunction. The general condition is also affected; the animals become melancholy, take no food, but are very thirsty, and the urine shows small amounts of albumen.

ABOUT THE SMALL GUNS.

They Play a Most Important Part in Harbor Defense Where Great Guns Would Be Useless.

Much has been written of the big guns that were to defend the harbors. In the system of defenses the smaller guns play a most important part, both to supplement the work of the great rifles and to be used against bodies of men who otherwise might carry the works by assault. For direct service against attack by men the great guns are useless. Their value is altogether in the power of destruction possessed by them, says the New York Press.

The smaller guns of the United States artillery service are made in scores of styles and are designed for all the different kinds of service for which a gun can be needed.

Among the smaller arms which have been adopted by the ordnance department of the United States army in the last year are six-pounder rapid-fire guns to be used either behind ramparts or in the open against landing parties, three-inch, 16-pounder rapid-fire guns for rampart or casements, five or six-inch rapid-fire guns for use with moving troops. Gatling, Maxim and Driggs-Schroeder guns and all sizes and styles of small siege mortars and rifled can-

CHILD TURNS BLACK.

Curious Phenomenon Observed in a Marinette, Wis., Case.

Bronze Spots Appear on the Body of a Caucasian Girl—Parents Declare There Is No Taint in the Blood.

The curious phenomenon of a white child turning black is interesting the medical fraternity of the district about Marinette, Wis. The subject, a ten-year-old daughter of Samuel May, a farmer living in the Sugar Bush, a few miles from that city, was presented by her physician, Dr. J. T. Redelings, at the clinic of the Fox River Valley Medical society which was held this week. The girl's parents are of American birth and have no trace or any taint in their blood. They have several other children, who are perfectly white and are fair.

This child was also purely white until she was five years old. There then appeared upon her body these dark spots, and these have multiplied and increased in size during the past five years until her body and limbs are now more dark than light. These discolorations are a dark bronze and show vividly against the white skin, as the child is otherwise exceedingly fair, having blue eyes and light golden hair. They have as yet not touched the face or other usually exposed portions of her body. The discolorations, however, partly cover her neck, body and arms and are gradually extending, and in all probability will in a short time transform her into the color of a negress.

Dr. Redelings diagnosed the case as malanoderma, and the attending physicians, which included some from Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Appleton and Green Bay, agreed with him. The cause and remedy, however, is still a mystery. Not one of the doctors would state why this strange transformation was taking place. A careful examination was made and some suggested that a taint must exist in the blood, but this is positively denied. The parents, as stated, are of American descent, coming here from Connecticut. Both are fair and healthy and have no disease which might work this result.

The child is excessively sensitive and evidently suffered much from being exposed to so many men during the examination. The parents too deprecate publicity, and positively refuse to have the child's portrait taken.

The girl retains fairly good health and but for these ugly spots would be quite pretty. The doctors generally recommended a course of hygienic treatment, not as a cure, but as a possible preventive of their further spreading.

ARTISTS HAVE FUN AS FAKERS.

Amusing Features of the Annual Exhibition of the Society of American Fakers.

Any doctor who knows his business will send all his melancholic patients to the annual exhibition of the Society of American Fakers at 315 West Fifty-seventh street, New York city. The show is not of art for art's sake. It is fake for laugh's sake. It is a fine place to send a pompous man to take the wrinkles out of him.

The faking begins at the beginning. On the way upstairs the visitor will have been regaled by the sight of a dark niche containing "Gen. Weyler and His Bier." The Weyler is made of a plaster bust and assorted feet and hands of various sizes. Candies shed a weird light upon the blue penciled side whiskers of the Weyler. The "bier" is exemplified by a half dozen empty well labeled bottles of beer.

The exhibition catalogue is a fake. Its cover has a margin ten times the size of the book. The Sargent portrait of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes, in which the subjects are shown as of wonderful height, is the favorite subject for caricature.

AMOUNT OF GOLD IN COUNTRY.

Secretary Gage Tells Just How He Gets at the Approximate Quantity of the Yellow Metal.

Secretary Gage has sent to the senate a reply to the resolution requesting information from him as to the manner of ascertaining the amount of gold in the country. He says that all estimates begin with the calculation made in 1872 by Dr. Linderman, the creator of the mint, who placed the stock at \$128,380,864, and that since this time the estimates have been arrived at by adding to the stock of 1872 the annual coinage and the domestic coin imported, deducting the loss on account of recoinage and exportation. The secretary says the estimate of the amount used in the industrial arts is based upon censuses made by the mint bureau and upon annual reports received from private smelters and refiners. The secretary also furnishes an estimate of the loss by wear and otherwise of the paper money.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSE & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES OF DAILY.
One month..... 25 Three months..... 75
Six months..... 50 One year..... 90

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1898.

River News.

In the days of the civil war the river was the principal mode of transportation of troops to the South, but in the present system of mobilization of regulars and recruits the authorities seem to have entirely overlooked this plan of transportation.

Elaborate preparations are being made for a flag-raising at Cincinnati this afternoon. A big new special flagpole has been constructed over the roof of the Big Sandy wharfboat, at the foot of broadway, and a new thirty-foot flag will be flung to the breezes with proper ceremony. A band will play patriotic airs, and the stars and stripes will be greeted by a chorus of whistles from every craft in the harbor that has up steam.

The new ocean-going tug built at Bay City, Mich., for Captain Harry Brown, of Pittsburgh, for use at New Orleans, has been taken by the Government before she reached her destination. She was on her way from Bay City to New Orleans by way of the great lakes, St. Lawrence river and Atlantic Ocean to New Orleans, and was caught by the ice in the upper end of the St. Lawrence and detained several months. A few weeks ago she was released, and had come as far as Portland, Me., on her journey when Uncle Sam sent word to the owner of the vessel that he wanted her.

The following is a good comparison of the size of battleships with river boats. The Queen City has a rating of 1,400 tons. She is 235 feet in length, with forty-four foot beam, six and one-half feet depth of hold. This tonnage would figure very small among battleships. The Iowa, for instance, measures over 11,000 tons, and draws twenty-four feet of water. The Queen City is about the same tonnage as the little gunboat Wilmington, that got into a scrape on the coast of Cuba. She is one of the smallest gunboats in the navy. The Winslow, the torpedo boat that was injured, is not as big as a ferry-boat. The Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts and other first-class battleships, are eight times as large as the Queen City. The Texas is nearly five times as large. The New York and Brooklyn are more than six times as large and the Atlanta, Baltimore, Cincinnati and Boston are more than twice as large.

Epworth League Anniversary.

The ninth anniversary of the Epworth League will be celebrated in the M. E. Church to-morrow. Special services will be held as follows: Prayer meeting, 6 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:15 a. m.; preaching services, 10:30 a. m.; song services, 7:15 p. m. Services by local chapter at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

We acknowledge the receipt of a pretty piece of word-painting from the pen of a valuable contributor, but on account of its length and the press of other matter we cannot accord it space.

LIKE THE SMALL BOY'S POCKET

The Water Mains of Maysville Have Been Found to Contain Anything From a Toothpick to a Fence Rail.

For a long time it has been noticed that the water pressure in the West End has not been anything like what it ought to be, and Superintendent Shaefer concluded there must be some obstruction in the mains, therefore he set about the difficult task of locating the trouble.

For several days and nights Foreman William Nicholson has had a gang of workmen uncovering the pipes in different places along the line in the extreme West End, and at each excavation a section of the main would be taken out and small gas pipe, coupled together, would be inserted in the endeavor to locate the trouble, but not until last night was their search finally rewarded.

Near the western terminus of the street railway the workmen found a section of the main so clogged that whatever water passed through was practically filtered, as there was found in one place, in the four-inch pipe, a stick of wood four feet long and three inches square, together with a lot of broken stone that was packed tight around it.

At another place on Third street they found two hand-spikes, a pick handle and fully a half-bushel of stone. It is supposed boys threw the articles in the large mains when they were being laid years ago, and that they collected at these points until the pipes were about stopped up.

This is one of the instances where a "stitch in time" would have saved many more than nine, for had the pipes been stopped up each night when they were being put down, the company to-day would have been saved several hundreds of dollars and consumers much annoyance.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

The great International Christian Endeavor convention will meet in Nashville, Tenn., on the 6th to the 11th of July. It is a monster gathering of happy, enthusiastic and working soldiers of the cross. It is well worth anyone's time and money to visit a city during a C. E. meet.

Excursion rates, extra train accommodations and all expenses have been put at a minimum rate. One railroad fare for the round trip has been given by the Southern District Passenger Association,

and good board and meals can be had in Nashville at \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per day,

either in hotels or boarding houses. All Kentucky endeavors will meet in Louisville at noon the 5th of July and proceed by special, decorated train to the objective point.

Great is the program and grand is the opportunity for pleasure; peculiarly interesting the many historic

plans about Nashville. Endeavorers in this district (second) are notified to heed this notice as it concerns them more particularly.

Boyd, Lewis, Greenup, Nicholas,

Fleming, Mason and Bracken counties are in this district. Mr. Harry C.

Curran is the duly appointed Transpor-

tation Agent, and he requests that our

contemporaries in these counties copy

this notice that all endeavorers through-

out the district may be notified.

ANGELIQUE, paprika, thyme, savory,

marjoram and bay leaves.—Calhoun's.

THE PRIZE MAY BE A WHITE ELEPHANT.

[From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

NEW YORK, May 2.—In view of the fact that the Philippines consist of over 400 islands, some of them as much as 40,000 square miles, are divided into forty-three provinces, and are inhabited by a mixed population of some 20,000,000 inhabitants, it will readily be understood that there is not the least prospect of the United States retaining permanent possession of this colonial dependency of Spain in the Pacific Ocean. True, the island are extraordinarily rich, and not only produce more tobacco than the Antilles, and nearly as much sugar, but likewise large quantities of gold, of which there are rich deposits in the island of Luzon. Yet the fact of their being situated at a distance of more than 7,000 miles from America, and that their government would necessitate a most elaborate and costly system of administration, would render impolitic in the extreme their permanent retention by the United States.

The question, therefore, remains what is to be done with the Philippines when once they have surrendered to the American flag, and the war has been brought to a close, and this is a problem that confronts the American government, one which it hardly foresaw when Cuban intervention was first decided upon.

The presence of one of the insurgent leaders on board of the American squadron would lead to the belief that President McKinley has some idea of leaving the islands to govern themselves. But this would be equivalent to the inauguration of a reign of anarchy, for, in the first place, there is no cohesion or union among the various rebels; and, secondly, they are composed in the main of half-breeds, Chinese and Malays—that is to say, of classes totally unfit for self-government, and whose control of the islands would speedily result in the ruin of all the very large English, German and even American business interests there.

It has been suggested that the islands might be given, or leased, by the United

States to Great Britain. But there is no precedent for any such course, and it may be questioned whether there would not be insuperable objections raised to any such scheme as this, not only by the principal governments of Continental Europe, who are bent on maintaining what they describe as the balance of power in the far Orient, but also by the people here, who might reasonably object to the idea of sacrificing American life and treasure in capturing the Philippines merely for the sake of presenting them to John Bull. The latter, on the other hand, as the power that controls some 60 per cent. of the export and import trade of the Philippines, would be equally opposed to any other European nation, or even Japan, receiving it from the United States, and if the Americans object to turning over the colony to England, they would surely still be opposed to abandoning it to any other European power, or to Japan.

Indeed, it is difficult to see what the United States can do with the Philippines when once it has got them, unless it offers them in exchange for some other Spanish or foreign colonies within easy access to these shores.

As to the danger of the possibility of Spain's selling the Philippines to some foreign power just at the present juncture, for the purpose of forcing the Americans to retire, in order to avoid embroiling themselves with the purchasing government, there is no danger of any such thing, since no foreign power would be willing to buy or even to take as a gift from Spain colonies to which she has lost her title, and which are now, to a great extent, in the possession of the United States.

For the present, it must be borne in mind that the force which Admiral Dewey commands is not even large enough to hold the city of Manila, and the United States is, therefore, much in the position of a man who has with much trouble and glory captured a white elephant and doesn't know what to do with it.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other bread.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Fiscal Court Proceedings.

The Fiscal Court met yesterday pursuant to adjournment, Hon. C. D. Newell presiding.

The following claims were allowed:

John Lukins, Jr., guardian bond	\$16 00
Leslie Shelton, guardian bond	14 00
Pat Walton, Jr., guardian bond	14 00
Peter Fulton, guard	12 00
J. C. Lovel, guardian bond	16 00
H. M. Wilson, guardian bond	16 00
Joseph Lane, guardian bond	16 00
R. P. Gault, guardian bond	12 00
M. D. Lalley, guardian bond	12 00
Raider Worthington	12 00
Joe Fisher, guardian bond	14 00
Richard Welsh, guardian bond	14 00
Frank Lane, guardian bond	14 00
Walker Tolle, guardian bond	16 00
Nicholas Gollenstein	16 00

The report of J. C. Stevenson, committee of Adeline Palmer and daughter, was received and filed.

The proposition of the Rectorville and Cabin Creek turnpike company offering the pike to Mason County is to be accepted when all of the stock shall be surrendered free of cost to county.

The committee sent to Frankfort to obtain a decrease in the county assessment were allowed \$21 to defray the expenses.

It was ordered that the County Treasurer be notified that after paying all of the interest coupons which are due on the Maysville and Big Sandy railroad that the balance of said fund shall be expended in paying off as many of the bonds as possible.

It was ordered that the pauper practice in Sardis be awarded to C. C. Wells for the term of one year from April 1st past, at \$25.

Also ordered that J. H. Kelly, of Mayslick, be awarded the pauper practice in Mayslick precincts, term of one year from April 1st, \$50, when bond is executed.

Each of the Magistrates were allowed the sum of \$24 for eight days' attendance at court.

The following levy for '98 was made: Maysville and Big Sandy railroad fund..... 2½ Infirmary fund..... 4 School fund..... 15 Free turnpike fund..... 25 General claim..... 20 Turnpike and bridge fund..... 1 67½

This levy of 67½ cents is an increase over last year's levy, (which was 52½ cents) of 15 cents. This increase was made necessary by the failure of last year's court to pay for about \$9,000 worth of turnpike which they bought and a \$6,000 note due State National Bank, which last October court borrowed to pay of the claims arising at said court.

Moved that all claims allowed at this term be listed on the Sheriff's bond.

Ordered by the court that the amount due each of the share holders of the Elizaville station and Mayslick Turnpike Road Company be listed, on the Sheriff's books to their respective names.

Poll tax fixed at \$1.50.

Court adjourned to second Monday in August, 1898.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus writes W. C. Hammick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at J. James Wood's drug store. Regular size 50c. and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed.

SERVICES in the First Presbyterian Church to-morrow morning and night at the usual hours for public worship. Church Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Mission Sabbath school in the German Church at 2:30 p. m. Westminster Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. The public are invited to attend these services.

At the Church of the Nativity to-morrow services will be: Sunday school at 9:30, litany, sermon and holy communion at 10:30, evening prayer at 7:30. There will be service next Thursday, Ascension Day, at 10:30 a. m.

Prices Lean Your Way.



BLACK DRESS STUFFS.—Summer weaves of reigning favorites, for never were blacks so popular. Sometimes makers' and gatherers' blunders put goods in wrong places and in wrong quantities, so losses follow even in wanted goods. This our luck to find. Eight different patterns of Mohair Jacquard, a satin gloss ground with dead black figures. Width, 40 inches. Price, 59c. When you see it you'll agree with us it would be cheap at 75c. There are black goods at all grades, 50c., and down and up. Come see these newest things.

WINDOW SHADES.—Seems like a waste of time to mention these goods, there's such a demand for them and prices are so low. Possibly there's a person within the reach of this paper who is not aware this store is headquarters for Shades. We're after that person and this special bargain in Shades ought to fetch him. Seven-foot Oil Shade, best fixtures, worth 35c., for next week, 25c.

NEW COMERS.—White Piques. First consignment entirely sold, these all new. Madras, Ginghams and Percales in new colors. Ribbons of exquisite beauty. The latest conceits in Parasols. Fans in all colors, all sizes, all prices. Gloves of newest spring colors. Silkaline and Fish Net Draperies in every stylish patterns.



D. HUNT & SON.

IMMENSE STOCK

OF PURE NORTHERN

SEED

Potatoes of all varieties, Garden Seeds, Onion Sets, Melon Seeds, Seed Sweet Potatoes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

Also large stock of New Crop Molasses, New Orleans Sugar, Granulated Sugar, Green and Roasted Coffees and Teas of all grades. The largest and best assorted stock of Canned Goods, Fancy Goods, and Table delicacies in the city. Fancy Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge for delivery.

A STREET CAR TICKET given with each cash purchase of \$1.00 or over. Telephone 83.

R. B. LOVEL

THE LEADING GROCER.

Closing Out

SALE.

Having determined to close out our entire stock with a view of discontinuing the business, we will, from now until June 1st, sell any article AT COST. This is a chance for everyone to save.

Brac and to replenish her china close. We have a few articles at our CLOSING OUT PRICES!

Bisque Figures, were \$3.50, now \$2.

Bisque Ornaments, were \$1.00, now 70c.

Bisque Figures at 5c., 10c., 15c., 25c. and 50c., were 15c., 25c., 50c. and \$1.

The best Ironstone China Plates, 35c. per set, were 45c.

Cups and Saucers at 20c., 30c., 35c. and 40c. per set, were 35c., 50c., 60c. and 75c.

Toilet Sets, \$1.90 were \$1.

Plates of every description from 3c. up.

Banquet Lamps that were \$3.50 reduced to \$2.

Remember, this is a bona-fide closing-out sale, and the first purchasers will have the best stock to select from.

You can't well afford to pass this sale over.

C. D. RUSSELL

The Bee Hive!

Wash Goods At Half.

We have an unpreceded stock of worthy Wash Goods that are marked at one-half their usual prices—and their washableness has been severely tested and not found wanting. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. you'll find a great line of French Gingham of regular 25c. value. Probably two hundred pieces of Domestic Ginghams, all different designs, that you're paying 15c. a yard for, are on sale here at 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Those Etoile Organies at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a yard are selling like the proverbial hot cakes. And then there is piece after piece of Batistes, Lappets, French and Egyptian Tissues, Cheviots, high grade Organies, and everything that goes to make up a wonderful wash goods stock. It will pay you to investigate.

Fancy Goods Fads.

If you're looking for anything new you'll find it here. We have a great stock of Fancy Jeweled Belts at 25c. Leather Belts from 10c. to 50c. And the latest "fad" in Belt Buckles and Slides at 25c. the set. We have also the Velvet Belting to fit the "slides" at 20c. and 25c. yard. All kinds and colors of Faddy Dress Trimmings in "crinkled" Chiffon at 49c. up.

Appreciative Carpet Selling.

Our Carpet Sales have never been so large. It proves you appreciate our efforts to combine a great stock of choicest patterns and exceptional values at lowest prices. Our 50c. Tapestry Brussels is a great leader. A recent arrival is a large lot of Symrna Rugs, 30x60, with or without fringe, at \$1.39 and \$1.59. They're worth a great deal more.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE

KINGS OF LOW PRICES.

SOCIETY EVENTS.

Entertainments Galore in Honor of the Visiting Doctors During the Past Week.

A resume of the hospitalities and gaieties of the past week will show that our staid and dignified old town renewed her youth and bloomed out with the spring flowers in honor of her guests as a Kentucky town should do.

We noticed that as the doctors began pouring in and the rain ceased pouring down, the fair sex began pouring forth, brave in bonnie spring garb, upholding the reputation of their town for beauty; and the streets took on a gay and festive air (not to be affected by the barometer).

Those of the visiting fraternity who had been so unfortunate as to leave their betterhalves behind, began to take new interest in life and feel that after all most sorrows have their compensations.

Indeed by Thursday night—well, a young and innocent maiden remarked to us at the reception that night: "Isn't it lovely so many of them are single men?"

Dr. and Mrs. Cleon, Owens entertained at dinner Wednesday evening in honor of the M. D.'s. Also Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Samuel, the same evening; covers being laid for twenty guests.

Mrs. George L. Cox tendered a brilliant reception to the visitors Wednesday evening. Her sister, Miss Albert, and a bevy of representative Kentucky beauties standing in line. The house was profusely decorated with palms and cut flowers, and the gowning of the hostess and those assisting was exquisite.

Mention has already been made in these columns of the banquet and reception on Thursday evening which was the crowning hospitality of the town itself. The attendance has been estimated at from 500 to 600.

There was a great deal of less formal entertaining, too numerous and general to mention; and the doctors were loath to tear themselves away if the testimony of eyes and ears may be believed.

On Thursday afternoon Misses Mary and Fannie Lee gave a charming reception on the eve of their departure for Ironton to visit their brother, Mr. Stanley Lee, and family.

Miss Mamie Hocker entertained Friday evening in honor of the "bride-elect," Miss Abbie Pickett, at whose approaching marriage she is to officiate as bridesmaid. Miss Barbour and Miss January (also bridesmaids-to-be) assisted in receiving. This was a most delightful affair, the first of a series to be given in honor of this happy event.

The annual commencement exercises of Kentucky College, Winchester, will be held this year as follows: Monday, June 6, 3 p. m., annual session of Board of Curators; Tuesday, June 7, 10 a. m., graduating exercises; Tuesday, June 7, 7:30 p. m., joint entertainment of college literary societies; Wednesday, June 8, 10 a. m., Baccalaureate sermon by Bishop Charles B. Galloway, of Mississippi.

WILLIAM GANTLEY, daily meat n ark, 428 East Second street, Fifth ward.

MASSES at St. Patrick's Church Sunday at 7:30, 9 and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school, vespers and benediction at the usual hours.

In the case of Richardson vs. Chanslor's trustees, this county, twenty days additional time has been given to file a petition for rehearing.

The Board of Aldermen of Lexington, have approved the appointment by the Mayor of Mr. L. Ed. Pearce to be City Auditor for two years.

MOLLIE LEWIS, colored, was arrested Friday charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, and will be given a hearing in the Police Court to-day.

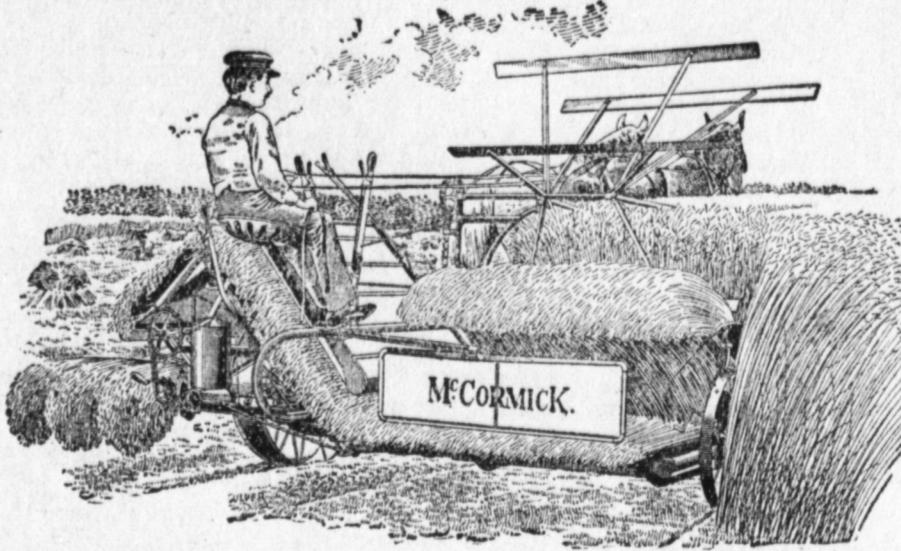
THERE will be services at the First Baptist Church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Porter. The public are cordially invited.

This Space Belongs to Hechingen & Co. They Are Too Busy to Say Anything About Their Goods Just Now. The Story is Briefly Told By The Crowds of Customers Their Immense Establishment Has Been Crowded With During the Entire Week.

M'CORMICK

Binders and Mowers.

THE WORLD'S BEST. Right hand, open rear, roller bearings, light draft and no neck weight. A good pair to hitch to.



THOMPSON & McATEE

Headquarters for Buggies, Bicycles and Implements, Maysville, Ky.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE

Are the Prices at the New York Store of Hays & Co.

Our New Up-to-Date Goods!

We can show you a complete line of

WASH GOODS.

Lawn, 3c, worth 5c. Plaid Lawn, linen finish, all the rage, suitable for suiting, regular price, 10c, our price, 5c. Just received twenty pieces elegant Summer Fabrics. Regular price, 20c, our price, 7c.

DRESS GOODS.

See our Brocaded Mohair, 24 cents, worth 50c. Five pieces on sale this week at 35c. a yard, real value, 65c. Fifteen pieces fine Dress Goods, regular price, 15c., our price, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Twenty-four pair fine Lace Curtains, regular price, \$1, our price, 65c. Curtain Poles, 15c.

CARPETS.

A good Carpet, 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. A better one, 20c. A splendid one, 27c, worth 50c.

SHOES AND CLOTHING.

Nice Ladies' Tan Shoes, Vesting top, worth \$2, our price, \$1.39. Men's Suits cheaper than ever. Boy's nice Knee Suits, \$1, worth \$2.

NEW YORK STORE, HAYS & CO.

Ladies'

Vici Kid Goodyear Welt, button and polish, new style lasts, \$2.50, worth \$3.00. *

F. B. RANSON & CO.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S.

Chocolate High Shoes

J. HENRY PECOR.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The trustees of James Rice's property will sell any portion thereof on liberal terms. Persons desiring to purchase will call on JOHN DULEY, Secretary.

13-1wd

FOR SALE—Fine custom-made carriage in good order, cheap, at Moss Daulton & Bro's.

FOR SALE—A pair of scales, suitable for a grocer. Will sell cheap. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two-story frame residence on Forest avenue. Apply to WOOD BROS. meat store, 229 Market street.

2-dft

FOUND.

FOUND—Wednesday on the street, a pair of white kid gloves. Call at this office. 12-43t

LOST—A \$5 bill on the streets of Maysville, or in some store. Finder will please return to J. M. JONES, driver of the Germantown bus, and receive a liberal reward.

14-42t

FOUND—A good overcoat; was left in the Circuit Clerk's office during the recent term of court. Owner can get same by calling and paying for this notice.

2-dft

LOST.

LOST—Between the depot and Wall street, a five dollar bill. Please return to this office.

Unconventional Lady Aberdeen.

Her ladyship's dinner parties are rather the outcome of a happy thought suddenly conceived and equally suddenly executed than the result, as with most people in her position, of careful consideration. And so, instead of the customary note conveying my lady's commands for some night, say a fortnight hence, the telephone is requisitioned to invite Mr. and Mrs. So-and-so to dinner "tomorrow evening," or even "this evening. Now, it so happened that on one of these occasions Lady Aberdeen telephoned her commands for the same evening to a Mr. and Mrs. X., persons of considerable social position, Mr. X. holding an important post in connection with the Hudson Bay company. Mrs. X. was naturally highly incensed—besides, she had a long standing engagement for the same evening—and the result was that she decided, not without trepidation, that she would not go.

It was not till the viceregal party were seated at dinner that the double vacancy made Lady Aberdeen aware of the absence of Mr. and Mrs. X. "My dear," said Lady Aberdeen at once to her husband across the table, "Mr. and Mrs. X. are not here. They must have got our message this morning." Then turning to a servant, she said, "Just telephone to Mr. and Mrs. X., at —, that we are expecting them this evening." A perceptible flutter among the guests followed on this little speech, and then Lord Aberdeen came hastily, if not diplomatically, to the rescue. "No, no, mother," he called across the table, "I cannot have that. We have all of us had quite enough telephoning for one day."—Today.

To Prevent Iron Rust.

Among the new and useful metallurgical processes of note the San Francisco Scientific Press speaks of one by which iron may be effectively protected from rust. In this a solution of ferrocyanide is mixed with a flaxseed varnish, to which has been added a small quantity of turpentine or benzol. The evaporation of the alcohol leaves the flaxseed varnish, which forms a coat and protects the cyanide of iron, the same being deposited upon the metal by the use of the ferrocyanide, the only preparation required by iron for such treatment being the removal of any rust that may have formed on it not admitting of the action of such a solution. Another process of interest to workers in metallurgy is that of substituting the use of manganese for German silver, the different metals and their proportions being as follows: Copper, 67.25 per cent; manganese, 18.50 per cent; zinc, 18 per cent; aluminium, 1.25 per cent, the color of this metal closely resembling German silver, being also fully as strong as the best quality of the latter and possessing superior adaptation for casting.

France and Depopulation.

While European Russia will need only 45 years or so, Germany about 65 years, Austria-Hungary 70 years, England 80 years, Italy 110 years, it will take France over 860 years to double its population! What signifies the loss of Alsace-Lorraine's 1,500,000 souls compared with the loss France suffers every day? In the last five years the German population has increased by 3,000,000, who are every one fully German; France, meanwhile, has increased her people by only 175,000, who are not even of French nationality. The increase of a nation is of the utmost importance to the success of its country. It has meant much in the nineteenth century; it will mean more in the twentieth. England, Germany, aye, even Italy, have millions of representatives on foreign soil; France has none, or too few to signify. The Gallic race has felt it and will in the future learn more bitterly still the truth of the proverb, "The absent are ever in the wrong."—Humanitarian.

Forest Veterans.

The largest British oak is the Major or Queen oak, in Sherwood forest (where Robin Hood and his merry outlaws shot the king's deer and robbed the rich and helped the poor and held their revels 'neath the greenwood tree), and is supposed to be one of a forest planted 1,500 years ago. The isle of Man has the largest fuchsia tree in the world and it constitutes one of the notable sights of Ramsey. England's largest willow tree on record was grown at Bortham, Essex, and the smallest British trees are the two inch dwarf willows of Ben Lomond, Cluny, whose orthography proclaims the land of the leek, boasts of a tree without roots, and the oldest trees in Britain are the famous Bentley and Winfarthing oaks, which were two centuries old, when William the Conqueror's oak at Windsor burst from its acorn.—Philadelphia Record.

Her Advice.

There were two women saying good-bye at the corner. One was round and plump and healthy, the other was thin and apparently ill. It was evident that the one who was not in health had been telling her troubles to the one who had probably never been in any other state, and she was receiving sympathy and advice so cheerfully given that no passer-by could fail to overhear it. "There, goodby," said the well one, "and don't take any medicine. You are perfectly well, you know, and God is love."—Boston Budget.

They Scatter.

So many people talk at random that half of what is said never makes a hit.—New Orleans Picayune.

Some Famous Benefits.

It was as far back as 1668, according to Samuel Pepys, that one Knipp came to him about the "woman's day" at the playhouse, which he was expected to patronize in order to increase the profits. Perhaps the first organized benefit for a particular favorite, however, was that given to Mrs. Barry in 1687. On such occasions it was customary to charge for admission to the stage, which in consequence often became so strong that when a player to whom the distinction was accorded had to make his appearance before the footlights to take up his part in the piece it had not infrequently to be stopped for several minutes while the attendants forced a passage for the unfortunate actor through the throng of his admirers.

Thus on the occasion of Quin's benefit at Covent Garden, in 1758, the old actor, who was incumbered with the heavy dress of Falstaff, was several minutes before he could pass on to the stage on account of the crowds that were assembled in the wings. Perhaps the greatest of the many benefits which have been celebrated at Drury Lane was that given on June 27, 1828, for Grimaldi, the greatest clown the stage has known, when the heartbroken old man was wheeled on to the stage in an armchair and hopelessly broke down in his endeavor to sing his once famous ditty "Hot Codlin." The old man's memory had completely forsaken him. On that occasion a sum of £1,700 was realized, which for many years remained a record.—St. James Gazette.

Herbert Spencer's Tragedy.

The English papers are citing good stories from Sir Grant Duff's "Diaries." Here is one: "Arthur Russell made me laugh by a story of a discussion at the Lewes. Some one maintained that everybody had written a tragedy. 'Yes,' said Lewes, 'every one, even Herbert Spencer.' 'Ah!' interposed Huxley, 'I know what the catastrophe would be—an induction killed by a fact.'"

"When Lord Malmesbury came into office, he fired off a highly patriotic dispatch. Lord Cowley received it, saw that it could only result in war and, putting it in his pocket, went off to Walewski. 'You must understand,' he said, 'that I come as Lord Cowley and not as an English ambassador, but I have received a dispatch from my government which is so strong that I should like you to see it privately before I hand it to you officially.' Walewski read the dispatch and said, 'You may give me that dispatch, but if you do I will send you your passport tomorrow morning.' Lord Cowley did not present the dispatch, but sent it back for alteration, and it was altered and realterred before it was formally presented."

Rose Dates.

Few persons who are more than a little fond of particular varieties of roses are aware of how recent is a really strong individuality in foreign varieties of their favorite flower.

The "Gloire de Dijon" dates from 1853. The General Jacqueminot was offered to the public in 1859. The Marechal Niel (which beautiful rose seems lately unjustly out of vogue) was perfected in 1864. La France came in 1868. The Mme. Isaac-Pereire is of 1880. La Reine is almost the oldest of the hybrids still beloved, having made its success in 1848.

The new and assumed varieties now put forth annually still reach the number of 70 or 80, but the majority of them have no decisive characteristics to enable them to hold their own against others. The American Beauty and Catherine Mermet are the most significant additions within a few seasons to the general catalogue and not yet in universal favor.—Harper's Weekly.

Are We Inhuman?

Prate of humanity? Rot! What did the United States do to the Indians? Remember Wind river. Three thousand red men, women and children were corralled there, and 1,000 of them escaped. The others? Oh, they couldn't escape. Weren't able to. They were starved to death. Dying babes nursed mothers whose breasts afforded no nourishment. Dying mothers nursed dead babes. Humanity?

Old Tippecanoe, the grandfather of "Our Ben," handled the Indians without gloves. In one of his campaigns he supposed his arms had destroyed every buck, squaw and papoose, but one day a soldier brought to his tent a fat youngster who had escaped the general massacre by hiding under a tepee. "What shall I do with him, general?"

"Kill him," was the mandate of the "Washington of the West." "Nits make lice."—New York Press.

Left Teeth Used Most.

The natural habit of human beings appears to be the use of the teeth on the left side of the mouth for masticating the food. During a lengthened period of observation only one person out of 18 was found who used both sides of his mouth for chewing and masticating his food.

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from yellow jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles, I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky. Sold by J. Jas. Wood, druggist.

There Are Such Women.

The dainty little French performer on a vaudeville's stage was drawing a charcoal sketch of a ship at sea, with the towers and battlements of an oriental town in the background. It was a night scene, and the moon was full and visible. Everybody saw the picture except a woman well in the front of the theater. She saw it with her eye, but her imperfectly constituted brain didn't see that the lines on the board represented anything.

"Do you see the ship now?" asked her impatient husband.

"It must be night," she said.

"Of course it's night. Don't you see the moon?"

"What is that white stuff in the rear?" she asked, referring to the oriental city.

"Dear me," said her husband, "you are like the fool that can't see the man in the moon, only worse."

"Any way, he's a handsome man," pursued the female. "Do you suppose he's 45 or 37?"

"Don't you see the ship and the city now?" persisted the husband.

"I see something that looks like cheese," she admitted, but at the look of despair on her partner's face she added:

"Oh, yes, now I do see it all. How stupid I was. How pretty and clever it is, to be sure. He's a handsome fellow, and well dressed. Shall we go home, dear, or see what the next act is?"

Without answering her husband arose and helped her on with her coat, and they left the theater, together in body, but widely, widely, separated in spirit.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The greatest poet of Persia was Firidouni, who composed an epic called "The Shah Nameh," about the middle of the tenth century A. D.

A CARD on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And, the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend he ever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "pellets" will not cure. They cure permanently. Send 25 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 108 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.



CINCINNATI DIVISION CHERAPAKE AND OHIO

ROUTE
EAST. West.
No. 16. 10:05 a.m. No. 19. 5:30 a.m.
No. 20. 1:35 p.m. No. 18. 6:10 a.m.
No. 18. 5:25 p.m. No. 17. 5:50 a.m.
No. 20. 7:50 p.m. No. 37. 3:35 p.m.
No. 4. 10:45 p.m. No. 15. 4:35 p.m.

*Daily except Sunday

F. V. Limited No. 2 arrives at Washington at 6:47 a.m.; Baltimore, 8:00 a.m.; Philadelphia, 10:15 a.m.; New York, 12:45 p.m.

F. V. Limited No. 3 arrives at Cincinnati at 5:00 p.m.

Washington Express No. 4 arrives at Washington at 3:45 p.m.; New York, 9:05 p.m.

Cincinnati Fast Line No. 1 arrives Cincinnati at 7:55 a.m.

Pullman sleeping car service to Richmond and Old Point Comfort by trains 2 and 4.

Direct connection at Cincinnati for all points West and South.

No. 2, 3 and 4 do not stop between Maysville and New York.

Trains 15, 17, 18, 19 and 20 stop at the St. Charles Hotel, Maysville, for passengers.

For full information and rates to all points East and West, apply to

T. A. GARRIGAN, S. E. P. A., Huntington, W. Va.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION
Southbound.

Leaves Maysville at 5:47 a.m. for Paris, Lexington, Jellico, Middlesborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Leave Maysville at 1:25 p.m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Northbound.

Arrive at Maysville at 9:45 a.m. and 8:30 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

First National Bank

At Maysville, in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business, May 5, 1898.

Resources.

Loans and discounts..... \$307,860.63
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured..... 623.33
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation..... 105,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds..... 7,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc..... 13,040.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures..... 1,000.00
Other real estate and Mortgages owned..... 761.59
Due from National Banks (not reserved agents)..... 7,670.56
Due from State Banks and Bankers..... 691.20
Due from trust and service agents..... 94,777.67
Checks and other cash items..... 1,337.19
Notes of other National Banks..... 2,20.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents..... 113.99
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ: Specie..... \$12,126.50
Legal tender notes..... 12,000.00-26,245.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (3 per cent. of circulation)..... 4,725.00
Total..... \$573,160.78

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in..... \$105,000.00
Surplus fund..... 21,000.00
Deposits, including trust and service and taxes paid..... 8,653.08
National Bank notes outstanding..... 93,920.00
Due to other National Banks..... 1,575.72
Due to State Banks and Bankers..... 265.09
Individual deposits subject to check..... 339,684.89
Fund for taxes..... 3,000.00

Total..... \$573,160.78

State of Kentucky, County of Mason, ss:

J. D. RILEY, President of the above-named

Bank, do solemnly swear that the above state-

ment is true to the best of my knowledge and be-

lieve. J. D. RILEY, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day

of May, 1898.

R. K. HOFFLICH, Notary Public.

Commission expires January 5th, 1902.

Correct—Attest:

GARRETT S. WALL, Directors.

T. A. KEITH, Directors.

F. F. PARKER, Directors.

SYRUP OF FIGS



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy.

As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties.

The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction

which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

It is far in advance of all other laxatives,

as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor

cause nausea. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—</